## What is claimed is:

1. Use, as a UV filter, of a compound of formula

(1) 
$$R_3$$
  $N$   $N$   $R_1$  , wherein

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are each independently of the other hydrogen; unsubstituted or halo-, amino-, mono- or di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkylamino-, cyano- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkoxy-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>cycloalkyl, carboxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl, carboxy-C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>aryl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>aryl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>aryl- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl; carbamoyl; or sulfamoyl; or

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>, together with the nitrogen atom linking them, form a 5- to 7-membered heterocyclic radical; and

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl; and

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen; hydroxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkoxy;

as a UV filter.

2. Use according to claim 1, wherein

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen.

- 3. Use according to either claim 1 or claim 2, wherein
- R₁ and R₂ are each independently of the other hydrogen; or C₁-C₁₂alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, amino, mono- or di-C₁-C₅alkylamino, cyano or by C₁-C₅alkoxy; and

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl.

4. Use according to either claim 1 or claim 2, wherein

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are each independently of the other hydrogen; or  $C_1\text{-}C_{12}$ alkyl; or

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> together form a 5- to 7-membered heterocyclic radical; and

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl.

5. Use according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein

R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen;

R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>alkyl; and

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl.

6. Use according to claim 5, wherein

R<sub>2</sub> is branched or unbranched C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>alkyl.

7. Use according to claim 6, wherein

R<sub>2</sub> is n-hexyl; n-octyl; or 2-ethylhexyl.

8. Use according to either claim 1, wherein

R<sub>4</sub> is hydroxy.

9. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (1) according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is hydrogen, in which process  $R_3$ -substituted 2-(4-aminophenyl)-benzothiazole is alkylated with the appropriate haloalkane/haloaralkane ( $R_2$ -Hal) using a base, in accordance with the following Scheme

$$R_3$$
 $R_4$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_8$ 

wherein

R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are as defined in claim 1.

10. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (1) according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are alkyl, in which process 2-(4-aminophenyl)-benzothiazole is alkylated with the appropriate haloalkanes/haloaralkanes ( $R_1$ -Hal and  $R_2$ -Hal) using a base, in accordance with the following Scheme:

wherein

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are as defined in claim 1.

- 11. Use of a compound of formula (1) according to claim 1 for protecting human and animal hair and skin from UV radiation.
- 12. Use according to claim 11, wherein the compound of formula (1) is present in micronised form.
- 13. A cosmetic preparation comprising at least one compound of formula (1) according to claim 1 together with cosmetically acceptable carriers or adjuvants.
- 14. A preparation according to claim 13, which comprises further UV protection substances.
- 15. A preparation according to claim 14, which comprises, one or more UV protection substances selected from triazines, oxanilides, triazoles, vinyl-group-containing amides and cinnamic acid amides.
- 16. A compound of formula

(1') 
$$R'_3$$
  $N$   $R'_4$  wherein

- R'<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen; unsubstituted or halo-, amino-, mono- or di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkylamino-, cyano- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkoxy-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl; carboxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl; carboxy-C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>aryl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>aryl; or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl; carbamoyl; or sulfamoyl;
- R'<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, amino, mono- or di-C₁-C₅alkylamino, cyano or by C₁-C₅alkoxy;
- R'<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl; and
- R'<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub>alkoxy.